General Institution

1 AP 3434 RESPONDING TO HARASSMENT BASED ON SEX UNDER 2 TITLE IX

3 References:

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- 20 U.S. Code Sections 1681 et seq.;
- 5 34 Code of Federal Regulations Parts 106.1 et seq.;
- 6 Education Code Section 67386

7 Introduction

- 8 The District encourages members of the District community to report sexual harassment.
- 9 This procedure only applies to conduct defined sexual harassment under Title IX and
- 10 applicable federal regulations and that meet Title IX jurisdictional requirements. The
- District will respond to sexual harassment and sexual misconduct that falls outside that
- definition and outside the jurisdiction of the Title IX federal regulations using California
- law and applicable District policies and procedures. In implementing these procedures
- 14 discussed below, the District will also provide supportive measures, training, and
- resources in compliance with California law, unless they are preempted by the Title IX
- 16 regulations.
- 17 These Title IX sexual harassment procedures and the related policy protect students,
- employees, applicants for employment, and applicants for admission.

19 TITLE IX COORDINATOR

- 20 Questions concerning Title IX may be referred to the District Title IX Coordinator:
- 21 https://www.cerritos.edu/title-ix/title-IX-coordinator.htm.
- 22 The Title IX Coordinator is required to respond to reports of sexual harassment or
- 23 misconduct. The Title IX Coordinator will handle information received with the utmost
- 24 discretion and will share information with others on a need-to-know basis. For example,
- 25 the Title IX Coordinator may need to address public safety concerns on campus, comply
- with state and federal legal requirements, or share information to implement supportive
- 27 measures. The District reserves the right to determine which District officials have a
- 28 legitimate educational interest in being informed about incidents that fall within this
- 29 procedure, pursuant to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA).
- 30 A report of sexual harassment to the Title IX Coordinator does not necessarily lead to a
- 31 full investigation, as discussed more fully below. However, the Title IX Coordinator will
- make an assessment to determine if there is a safety risk to the campus and proceed as
- appropriate to address the risk. If the Title IX Coordinator finds there is a continued risk,
- the Title IX Coordinator may file the formal complaint without the Complainant's consent
- 35 or cooperation.

36 JURISDICTIONAL REQUIREMENTS - APPLICATION OF PROCEDURES

- These procedures apply if the conduct meets the following three jurisdictional requirements:
- The conduct took place in the United States;
- The conduct took place in a District "education program or activity." This includes locations, events, or circumstances over which the District exercised substantial control over both the Respondent and the context in which the harassment occurred, including on-campus and off-campus property and buildings the District owns or controls or student organizations officially recognized by the District own or control.
- The conduct meets the definition of Title IX "sexual harassment."
- This administrative procedure can also be applicable to address the effects of off-
- 47 campus misconduct that effectively deprives someone of access to District's
- 48 educational program, activity, or service.
- The District may extend jurisdiction to off-campus and/or to online conduct when the
- 50 Title IX Coordinator determines that the conduct affects a substantial District interest.

51 **DEFINITIONS**

- 52 **Advisor:** Throughout the complaint process, both the Complainant and Respondent
- have a right to an Advisor of their choice. If a Party does not have an Advisor at the time
- of the hearing, the District must provide the Party an Advisor of the District's choice, free
- of charge. The District may establish restrictions regarding the extent to which the Advisor
- 56 may participate in the proceedings as long as the restrictions apply equally to both Parties.
- 57 The Advisor must be free from conflicts of interest (e.g., the Advisor cannot also be a
- 58 witness in the case).
- 59 **Appeal Officer:** Decision Maker with authority to render a decision on an appeal.
- 60 **Complainant:** A Complainant is an individual who alleges he/she/they is the victim of
- 61 conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.
- 62 **Consent:** Consent means affirmative, conscious, and voluntary agreement to engage in
- 63 sexual activity. Both Parties must give affirmative consent to sexual activity. It is the
- responsibility of each person involved in the sexual activity to ensure that he/she/they has
- 65 the affirmative consent of the other or others to engage in the sexual activity. Lack of
- protest, lack of resistance, or silence does not indicate consent. Affirmative consent must
- be ongoing throughout a sexual activity and one can revoke his/her/their consent at any
- time. The existence of a dating relationship between the persons involved, or the fact of
- past sexual relations between them, is not an indicator of consent. In California, a minor
- 70 (meaning a person under the age of 18) cannot consent to sexual activity.
- 71 The Respondent's belief that the Complainant consented will not provide a valid defense
- unless the belief was actual and reasonable, based on the facts and circumstances the

- Respondent knew, or reasonably should have known, at the time of the incident. A Respondent's belief is not a valid defense where:
- The Respondent's belief arose from the Respondent's own intoxication or recklessness;
- The Respondent did not take reasonable steps to ascertain whether the Complainant affirmatively consented; or
- The Respondent knew or a reasonable person should have known that the Complainant was unable to consent because the Complainant was incapacitated, in that the Complainant was:
 - o asleep or unconscious;

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- unable to understand the fact, nature, or extent of the sexual activity due to the influence of drugs, alcohol, or medication; or
 - o unable to communicate due to a temporary or permanent mental or physical condition.
- Decision-Maker: The person who will oversee the live hearing and make a determination of responsibility. The District may have one Decision-Maker determine whether the Respondent is responsible, and another Decision-Maker determine the appropriate level of penalty for the conduct. The Decision-Maker cannot be the Title IX Coordinator or the investigator.
- District: Means the Cerritos Community College District and other properties that it owns or otherwise controls.
- Education Program, Activity, or Service: means locations, events, or circumstances where the District exercises substantial control over both the Respondent and the context in which the Prohibited Conduct occurs and also includes any building owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the District.
- Evidence: Testimony, writings, material objects, or other things offered to prove the existence or nonexistence of a fact.
- **Exculpatory Evidence**: Any evidence that is favorable to the Respondent that shows or tends to show the Respondent is not responsible for the allegation of sexual harassment.
- **Inculpatory Evidence**: Any evidence that shows or tends to show that the Respondent engaged in the allegation of sexual harassment.
- False Allegations and Evidence Deliberately false and/or malicious accusations under
- this procedure are a serious offense and will be subject to appropriate disciplinary
- action. This does not include allegations that are made in good faith but are ultimately
- shown to be erroneous or do not result in a policy violation determination. Additionally,
- witnesses and parties knowingly providing false evidence, tampering with or destroying
- evidence, or deliberately misleading an investigator, or decision maker can be subject to
- 111 discipline under District policy.

- 112 Formal Complaint: A written complaint signed by the Complainant or Title IX
- 113 Coordinator, alleging sexual harassment and requesting an investigation. If the Title IX
- 114 Coordinator signs the formal complaint, he/she/they will not become a Party to the
- 115 complaint.
- 116 Official with Authority (OWA): District Officials with Authority are not confidential
- 117 resources and are required to report allegations of sexual harassment to the Title IX
- 118 Coordinator promptly. Officials with Authority are required to report all relevant
- information they know about sexual harassment including the name of the Respondent,
- the Complainant, any other witnesses, and the date, time, and location of the alleged
- incident. The District has designated the employees holding the following positions as
- 122 Officials with Authority: Board of Trustees, President/Superintendent, Vice
- 123 Presidents/Assistant Superintendents, and Managers, including Cerritos College Police
- Department and the Title IX Coordinator. All other employees are encouraged to report
- allegations to the Title IX Coordinator but are not required to do so.
- Parties: As used in this procedure, this means the Complainant and Respondent.
- Remedies are actions taken to address safety, prevent recurrence of Prohibited
- 128 Conduct, and restore equal access to the District's educational program, activities,
- services or employment.
- 130 **Respondent:** A Respondent is an individual reported to be the perpetrator of conduct
- that could constitute sexual harassment. The District presumes the Respondent is not
- responsible for the alleged conduct unless or until the District makes a finding regarding
- responsibility at the conclusion of the complaint process.
- Sanction means a consequence or other corrective action imposed by the District on a
- 135 Respondent who is found to have engaged in Prohibited Conduct under this
- administrative procedure.

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- 137 **Sexual Harassment under Title IX:** Conduct that satisfies one or more of the following:
- A District employee conditions the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the District on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct (*quid pro quo* harassment);
- Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the District's education program or activity;
- Sexual assault, including the following:
 - Sex Offenses. Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.
 - Rape (except Statutory Rape). The carnal knowledge of a person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her/their age or because of his/her/their temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity. There is carnal knowledge if there is the slightest penetration of the genital or anal opening of the body of another person.

- Sodomy. Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her/their age or because of his/her/their temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
- Sexual Assault with an Object. To use an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her/their age or because of his/her/their temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity. An "object" or "instrument" is anything the offender uses other than the offender's genitalia, e.g., a finger, bottle, handgun, stick.
- o Fondling. The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her/their age or because of his/her/their temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
- Sex Offenses, Non-Forcible Unlawful, Non-Forcible Sexual Intercourse.
 - Incest. Non-Forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
 - Statutory Rape Non-Forcible. Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent. There is no force or coercion used in Statutory Rape; the act is not an attack.
- Dating violence. Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of a relationship will be determined based on a consideration of the following factors: the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
- Domestic Violence. Violence committed:

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- By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;
- By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common;
- By a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;
- By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of California; or
- By any other person against an adult or youth victim protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of California.
- Stalking. Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for his/her/their safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress. For the purposes of this definition:
 - a) A course of conduct is two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the Respondent directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person's property;
 - b) Reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the Complainant; and

- c) Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may but does not necessarily require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.
- Student(s) means any individual(s) who has applied for admission, accepted an offer of admission, or who is registered or enrolled for credit or non-credit bearing coursework, and who maintains an ongoing relationship with the District.

203 **REPORTING OPTIONS**

- 204 Any individual may report sexual harassment to the District's Title IX Coordinator.
- The District strongly encourages prompt reporting of sexual harassment. Prompt reporting allows for the collection and preservation of evidence, including physical
- evidence, digital media, and witness statements. A delay may limit the District's ability to
- 208 effectively investigate and respond.
- 209 Because individuals may be deterred from reporting incidents of sexual harassment if
- 210 alcohol, drugs, or other violations of District or campus rules were involved, the District
- 211 will inform individuals that the primary concern is for student and employee safety and
- that use of alcohol or drugs never makes a Complainant at fault for sexual harassment.
- 213 If other rules are violated, the District will address such violations separately from an
- 214 allegation of sexual violence.
- 215 Individuals have the opportunity to decide whether they want to pursue a formal Title IX
- 216 complaint. Reporting sexual harassment to the Title IX Coordinator does not
- 217 automatically initiate an investigation under these procedures. A report allows the District
- 218 to provide a wide variety of support and resources to impacted individuals and to prevent
- the reoccurrence of the conduct. A Complainant or the Title IX Coordinator filing a formal
- 220 complaint will initiate an investigation.
- 221 If there are parallel criminal and Title IX investigations, the District will cooperate with the
- 222 external law enforcement agency and will coordinate to ensure that the Title IX process
- 223 does not hinder legal process or proceedings.
- The District will document reports of sexual harassment in compliance with the Clery Act,
- 225 a federal law requiring data collection of crime within the campus geography. Under the
- 226 Clery Act, the District does not document personal information; the District reports the
- 227 type of conduct, and the time, date, and location. (Also see Board Policy/Administrative
- 228 Procedure 3540 Sexual and Other Assaults on Campus.)

INTAKE AND PROCESSING OF REPORT

Receipt of Report

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- 231 After receiving a report of sexual harassment, the Title IX Officer will contact the
- 232 Complainant and reporting party to explain rights under this policy and procedure and
- 233 invite the Complainant to an in-person meeting. The Title IX Officer will discuss
- 234 supportive measures with the Parties.

235 Timeframe for Reporting

- To promote timely and effective review, the District strongly encourages individuals to
- report sexual harassment as soon possible because a delay in reporting may affect the
- 238 ability to collect relevant evidence and may affect remedies the District can offer. There
- is no time limitation on submitting notice/complaints to the Title IX Coordinator(s).

Supportive Measures

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241 Supportive measures are non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered 242 free of charge to the Complainant or the Respondent regardless of whether a formal complaint has been filed. The District will provide the Complainant and Respondent with 243 supportive measures as appropriate and as reasonably available to restore or preserve 244 equal access to the District's education program or activities. These measures are 245 designed to protect the safety of all Parties, protect the District's educational environment. 246 or deter sexual harassment. The District will provide supportive measures on a 247 248 confidential basis and will only make disclosures to those with a need to know to enable 249 the District to provide the service. Supportive measures may include counseling, extensions of deadlines, other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class 250 251 schedules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the Parties, 252 changes in work or housing locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. Violations of no 253 254 contact directives will be referred to appropriate student or employee conduct processes 255 for enforcement.

Removal of Respondent Pending Final Determination

- Upon receiving a report regarding sexual harassment, the Title IX Coordinator will make an immediate assessment concerning the health and safety of the Complainant and
- campus community as a whole. The District has the right to order emergency removal of
- a Respondent, or if the Respondent is an employee, place the employee on administrative
- 261 leave.

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Emergency Removal

- The District may remove a non-employee Respondent from the District's education
- 264 program or activity on an emergency basis after it conducts an individualized safety and
- risk analysis and determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of
- 266 any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies
- 267 removal.
- 268 The District may not use emergency removal to address a Respondent's threat of
- 269 obstructing the sexual harassment investigation or destroying relevant evidence.
- 270 Emergency removal is only available to address health or safety risks against individuals
- 271 arising out of sexual harassment allegations, not to address other forms of misconduct
- that a Respondent might commit pending the processing of a complaint.
- This risk analysis is performed by the Title IX Coordinator in conjunction with the District's
- 274 Office of Student Conduct and Grievances and or the District's Crisis Assessment

- 275 Intervention Response (CAIR) Team using its standard objective violence risk
- assessment procedures. In all cases in which an emergency removal is imposed, the
- 277 student Respondent will be given notice of the action and the opportunity to challenge the
- 278 removal decision consistent with to Administrative Procedure 5520 Student Discipline
- 279 Procedures (beginning at line 126 Immediate Interim Suspension) and Education Code
- 280 Section 66017.
- In such cases when the challenge occurs, the Respondent will meet with the Vice
- 282 President of Student Services/Assistant Superintendent or designee who has not been
- previously involved in the District's individualized threat assessment of the Respondent.
- This meeting is not a hearing on the merits of the allegation(s), but rather is an
- 285 administrative process intended to determine solely whether the emergency removal is
- appropriate. A Respondent may be accompanied by an Advisor of their choice. This
- 287 meeting must be requested within three (3) calendar days or objections to the
- 288 emergency removal will be deemed waived.
- Violation of an emergency removal under this procedure will be grounds for discipline,
- 290 which may include expulsion. While an emergency removal is in effect, alternative
- 291 coursework options may be pursued to ensure as minimal an academic impact as
- 292 possible on the Parties. Lesser restrictive emergency actions may be implemented as an
- 293 alternative emergency removal where appropriate.

294 Administrative Leave

- 295 The District may place a non-student employee Respondent on administrative leave
- during the pendency of a complaint process described in the formal complaint process
- 297 below. The District will follow any relevant policies, procedures, collective bargaining
- 298 agreements, or state law in placing an employee on administrative leave.

299 FORMAL COMPLAINT PROCESS

- 300 The procedures below apply only to qualifying allegations of Prohibited Conduct under
- 301 this administrative procedure involving students, staff, administrator, or faculty
- members. The procedures below may be used to address collateral misconduct arising
- from the investigation of or occurring in conjunction with reported misconduct (e.g.,
- vandalism, physical abuse of another).
- 305 Complaints or allegations that are dismissed or not within the jurisdiction of this
- 306 administrative procedure may be referred for action under another provision of the
- District's board policy and administrative procedures, such as Board Policy 5500,
- 308 Administrative Procedure 3435, or an applicable collective bargaining agreement, as
- 309 determined by the Title IX Coordinator.
- A Formal Complaint may be submitted in person, by mail, or by electronic transmission,
- on a document filed by a Complainant or signed by the Title IX Coordinator alleging
- Prohibited Conduct against a Respondent and requesting that the District investigate
- the allegation(s) (per Formal Complaint definition above). The complaint form may be
- accessed on the District's website here: www.cerritos.edu/title-ix.

- 315 Within five business days of receipt of a Formal Complaint or notice to a Title IX
- 316 Coordinator of alleged Prohibited Conduct under this administrative procedure, the Title
- 317 IX Coordinator or Title IX Deputy shall initiate a prompt initial assessment by contacting
- the Complainant to determine the next steps the District needs to take, which shall include
- one or more of the following:
- Offer supportive measures; and/or
- An Informal Resolution; and/or
- A Formal Complaint Process including an investigation and a hearing (upon submission of a Formal Complaint).

324 **Notice to Parties**

- Upon receipt of a formal complaint, the Title IX Coordinator will provide the following notice in writing, to the Parties:
- Notice of the District's Title IX complaint process;
- Notice of the allegations of alleged sexual harassment with sufficient details known at the time and with sufficient time to prepare a response before any initial interview;
- Statement that the Respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct and that a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the complaint process;
- Notice that the Parties may have Advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney; employee may choose a union representative as an advisor.
- Notice that the Parties may inspect and review any evidence obtained as part of the investigation that is directly related to the allegations raised in the formal complaint, including the evidence upon which the District does not intend to rely in reaching a determination regarding responsibility, and inculpatory or exculpatory evidence whether obtained from a Party or other source; and
- Inform the Parties of any provision in the District's code of conduct that prohibits knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the complaint process.
- 344 If, in the course of an investigation, the District decides to investigate allegations about
- the Complainant or Respondent that are not included in the notice provided above, the
- Title IX Coordinator will provide notice in writing of the additional allegations to the Parties.

Dismissal of Formal Complaint

- The District must investigate the allegations in a formal complaint. However, the District must dismiss the formal complaint and will not process the complaint under these procedures if any of the following circumstances exist:
- If the conduct alleged in the formal complaint would not constitute Title IX sexual harassment as defined in this procedure;
- If the conduct alleged did not occur in the District's education program or activity;
- If the conduct alleged did not occur against a person in the United States.
- At the time of filing a Formal Complaint, a complainant is not participating in or attempting to participate in the education program or activity of the District; and/or

- The District has discretion to dismiss a formal complaint or any allegation under the following circumstances:
- If at any time during the investigation or hearing: a Complainant notifies the Title IX Coordinator in writing that the Complainant would like to withdraw the formal complaint or any allegations;
- If the Respondent is no longer enrolled or employed by the District; or no longer an applicant seeking enrollment or employment; or
 - If there are specific circumstances that prevent the District from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination regarding responsibility as to the formal complaint or allegations.
- 367 If the District dismissed the formal complaint or any allegations, the Title IX Coordinator
- shall simultaneously provide the Parties with written notice of the dismissal and reason.
- The District will also notify the Parties of their right to appeal.
- 370 The District may commence proceedings under other policies and procedures after
- dismissing a formal complaint.

372 Consolidation of Formal Complaints

- 373 The District may, but is not require to, consolidate formal complaints as to allegations of
- sexual harassment against more than one Respondent, or by more than one Complainant
- against one or more Respondents, or by one Party against the other Party, where the
- allegations of sexual harassment arise out of the same facts or circumstances.

377 Equitable Treatment of the Parties

- The District's determination of responsibility is a neutral, fact-finding process. The District
- will treat Complainants and Respondents equitably. The procedures will apply equally to
- 380 both Parties. The District will not discipline a Respondent unless it determines the
- 381 Respondent was responsible for sexual harassment at the conclusion of the complaint
- 382 process.

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Statement of Presumption of Non-Responsibility

- The investigation is a neutral, fact-finding process. The District presumes all reports are
- in good faith. Further, the District presumes the Respondent is not responsible for the
- 386 alleged conduct. The District makes its determination regarding responsibility at the
- 387 conclusion of the complaint process.

Bias or Conflict of Interest

- 389 The District's Title IX Coordinator, investigator, Decision-Maker, or any person designated
- 390 by the District to facilitate an informal resolution process, will not have potential actual
- bias or conflict of interest in the investigatory, hearing, sanctioning, or appeal process or
- bias for or against Complainants or Respondents generally. Actual bias is an articulated
- 393 prejudice in favor of or against one Party or position; it is not generalized concern about
- 394 the personal or professional backgrounds, positions, beliefs, or interests of the Decision-

- Maker in the process. The District will ensure that the Title IX Coordinator, investigator,
- 396 Decision-Maker, and facilitator receive training on:
- The definition of sexual harassment in this procedure;
- The scope of the District's education program or activity;
- How to conduct an investigation;
- The complaint process including conducting hearings, appeals, and informal resolution processes; and
- How to serve impartially, including avoiding: prejudgment of the facts at issue; conflicts of interest; and bias.
- 404 Concerns of bias or a potential conflict of interest should be raised with the Title IX
- 405 Coordinator. To raise any concern involving bias or conflict of interest by the Title IX
- 406 Coordinator, contact the Vice President of Human Resources.

Timeline for Completion

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- The District will undertake its complaint process promptly and as swiftly as possible. The
- District will complete the investigation and its determination regarding responsibility or the
- 410 informal resolution process within 180 calendar days of the date of the Notice of
- 411 Investigation and Allegations.
- When appropriate, the Title IX Coordinator may determine that good cause exists to
- extend the 180-calendar day period to conduct a fair and complete investigation, to
- 414 accommodate an investigation by law enforcement, to accommodate the unavailability of
- 415 witnesses or delays by the Parties, to account for District breaks or vacations, or due to
- 416 the complexity of the investigation. The District will provide notice of this extension to the
- 417 Complainant and Respondent in writing and include the reason for the delay and
- 418 anticipated timing of completion.
- 419 A Party may request an extension from the Title IX Coordinator in writing by explaining
- 420 the reason for the delay and the length of the continuance requested. The Title IX
- 421 Coordinator will notify the Parties and document the grant or denial of a request for
- 422 extension or delay as part of the case recordkeeping.

423 Role of Advisor

- The role of the Advisor is to provide support and assistance in understanding and
- 425 navigating the investigation process.
- The Advisor may not testify in or obstruct an interview or disrupt the process. The Title
- 427 IX Coordinator has the right to determine what constitutes appropriate behavior of an
- 428 Advisor and take reasonable steps to ensure compliance with this procedure.
- 429 A Party does not have a right to self-representation at the hearing; an Advisor must
- 430 conduct any cross-examination. The District must provide an Advisor of its choice, free
- of charge to any Party without an Advisor in order to conduct cross-examination. If an
- Advisor fails to appear at the hearing, the District will provide an Advisor to appear on

- behalf of the non-appearing Advisor. To limit the number of individuals with confidential
- information about the issues, each Party may identify one Advisor.

435 **Confidentiality**

- The District will maintain as confidential the identity of any Complainant, any
- Respondent, or any witness, except as may be permitted by FERPA, as required by
- law, or as necessary to carry out a Formal Complaint process under this administrative
- 439 procedure.
- 440 State law requires confidential resources on campus not to disclose information they
- receive without the express written permission of the individual seeking their services or
- as provided by law (where there is a continuing threat of serious harm to the individual
- or others; where there is suspected abuse or neglect of a minor; or where disclosure to
- a third party is otherwise legally required).
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- If a Complainant would like the details of an incident to be kept confidential, the
- Complainant may speak with the Employee Assistance Program (if employee) or:
- 448 Campus-based confidential District resources available to students include:
- Student Health Services Mental Health Resources (Only available to students)
- 450 YWCA Campus Victim Advocate
- 451 Off-Campus (non-employee) resources available to students include:
- 452 Licensed professional counselors and other medical providers
- 453 Local rape crisis counselors
- 454 Domestic violence resources
- 455 Local or state assistance agencies
- 456 Clergy/Chaplains
- 457 Attorneys

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- 458 All of the above-listed individuals will maintain confidentiality when acting under the
- scope of their licensure, professional ethics, and/or professional credentials, except in
- extreme cases of immediacy of threat or danger or abuse of a minor/elder/individual
- with a disability, or when required to disclose by law or court order.

Confidentiality Agreements

- To protect the privacy of those involved, the Parties and Advisors are required to sign a
- 464 confidentiality agreement prior to attending an interview or otherwise participating in the
- District's complaint process. The confidentiality agreement restricts dissemination of any
- of the evidence subject to inspection and review or use of this evidence for any purpose
- unrelated to the Title IX complaint process. The confidentiality agreement will not restrict
- 468 the ability of either Party to discuss the allegations under investigation.

469 Use of Privileged Information

- The District's formal complaint procedure does not require, allow, rely upon, or otherwise
- 471 use questions or evidence that constitute, or seek disclosure of, information protected
- 472 under a legally recognized privilege (e.g., attorney-client privilege, doctor-patient

- 473 privilege, spousal privilege, etc.), unless the person holding the privilege provides
- voluntary, written consent to waive the privilege.

475 **Investigations**

- 476 The Title IX Coordinator is responsible to oversee investigations to ensure timely
- resolution with Title IX and this procedure.
- Both Parties have the right to have an Advisor present at every meeting described in this
- 479 section.

480 Trained Investigators

- The District will investigate Title IX formal complaints fairly and objectively. Individuals
- 482 serving as investigators under this procedure will have adequate training on what
- constitutes sexual harassment and how the District's complaint procedures operate. The
- District will also ensure that investigators receive training on issues of relevance to create
- an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and complies with this
- 486 procedure.

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Burden of Gathering Evidence

- The District, not the Parties, has the responsibility to gather information and interview
- witnesses. As part of the District's burden of gathering evidence, the District's investigator
- 490 will create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence, whether it is
- inculpatory or exculpatory. The investigator shall not make findings or determinations of
- 492 law or fact.

Notice of Investigative Interview

- The District will provide written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose
- of all investigative interviews to a Party whose participation is invited or expected, with
- sufficient time (not to exceed 10 calendar days) for the Party to prepare to participate.

497 Evidence Review

- Both Parties have an equal opportunity to inspect and review any evidence obtained as
- 499 part of the investigation that is directly related to the allegations raised in the formal
- 500 complaint, including the evidence upon which the District does not intend to rely in
- reaching a determination regarding responsibility and inculpatory or exculpatory evidence
- whether obtained from a Party or other source.
- Prior to the investigator preparing an investigative report, the District will send to each
- Party and the Party's Advisor, if any, the evidence subject to inspection and review in an
- electronic format or a hard copy. The Parties will have at least ten days to submit a written
- 506 response. The investigator must consider this written response prior to completing the
- 507 investigative report.

Investigative Report

- The results of the investigation of a formal complaint will be set forth in a written report
- that will include at least all of the following information:

- A description of the circumstances giving rise to the formal complaint;
- A description of the procedural steps taken during the investigation, including all individuals contacted and interviewed;
- A summary of the testimony of each witness the investigator interviewed;
- An analysis of relevant evidence collected during the investigation, including a list of relevant documents;
- A specific finding as to whether the allegations occurred using a preponderance of the evidence standard;
- A table of contents if the report exceeds ten pages; and
- Any other information deemed appropriate by the District.
- 521 The investigator will not make a determination regarding responsibility.
- 522 The investigator may redact information not directly related to the allegations or privileged
- information. However, the investigator will keep a log of information he/she/they do not
- 524 produce to the Parties. The investigator will provide this log only to the Title IX
- 525 Coordinator. The Title IX Coordinator will not disclose the log to the Parties but will
- maintain the log in the Title IX Coordinator's file, in the event it later becomes relevant.
- At least ten days prior to a hearing, the District will send the investigative report to each
- Party and their Advisors, if any, the investigative report in an electronic format or a hard
- 529 copy, for review and written response. The Parties will have at least ten days to submit
- 530 a written response.

531 **Hearing**

- After completing an investigation and prior to completing a determination regarding
- responsibility, the District will hold a live hearing to provide the Complainant and
- Respondent an opportunity to respond to the evidence gathered before a Decision-Maker.
- Neither Party may choose to waive the right to a live hearing, but the Parties can choose
- 536 whether to participate in the hearing or answer some or all cross-examination questions.

537 **Notice**

- The Title IX Coordinator will send notice of the hearing to the Parties no less than ten
- 539 (10) business days prior to the hearing, unless the Parties agree to an expedited
- schedule. Once mailed, emailed, and/or received in-person, notice will be presumptively
- 541 delivered. The notice will contain:
- A description of the alleged violation(s), a list of all policies allegedly violated, a
 description of the applicable procedures, and a statement of the potential
 sanctions/responsive actions that could result.
- The time, date, and location of the hearing and a reminder that attendance is mandatory, superseding all other campus activities.
- Any technology that will be used to facilitate the hearing.
- Information about the option for the live hearing to occur with the Parties located in separate rooms using technology that enables the Decision Maker and Parties to see and hear a party or witness answering questions. Such a request must be raised
- with the Title IX Coordinator at least five (5) business days prior to the hearing.

- A list of all those who will attend the hearing, along with an invitation to object to any Decision Maker on the basis of demonstrated bias. This must be raised with the Title IX Coordinator at least two (2) business days prior to the hearing.
- Information on how the hearing will be recorded and on access to the recording for the Parties after the hearing.
- A statement that if any party or witness does not appear at the scheduled hearing, the hearing may be held in their absence, and the party's or witness's testimony and any statements given prior to the hearing will not be considered by the Decision Maker. For compelling reasons, the Decision Maker or Title IX Coordinator may reschedule the hearing.
 - Notification that the Parties may have the assistance of an Advisor of their choosing at the hearing and will be required to have one present for any questions they may desire to ask. The party must notify the Title IX Coordinator if they do not have an Advisor, and the District will appoint one. Each party must have an Advisor present. There are no exceptions.
- A copy of all the materials provided to the Decision Maker about the matter, unless they have been provided already.
- An invitation to contact the Title IX Coordinator to arrange any disability accommodations, language assistance, and/or interpretation services that may be needed at the hearing, at least seven (7) business days prior to the hearing.
- A statement that Parties cannot bring mobile phones/devices into the hearing.
- Hearings for possible violations that occur near or after the end of an academic term
- 574 (assuming the Respondent is still subject to this procedure) and are unable to be
- resolved prior to the end of term will typically be held immediately after the end of the
- 576 term or during the summer, as needed, to meet the resolution timeline followed by the
- 577 District and remain within the one hundred eighty (180) calendar day goal for resolution.
- In these cases, if the Respondent is a graduating student, a hold may be placed on
- graduation and/or official transcripts until the matter is fully resolved (including any
- appeal). A student facing charges under this procedure is not in good standing to
- 581 graduate.

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- If a party or Parties prefer not to attend or cannot attend the hearing in person, the party
- should request alternative arrangements from the Title IX Coordinator at least five (5)
- business days prior to the hearing. Similarly, any witness who cannot attend in person
- should let the Title IX Coordinator or the Decision Maker know at least five (5) business
- 586 days prior to the hearing so that appropriate arrangements can be made.

Hearing Format

- The District may provide a live hearing with all Parties physically present in the same
- 589 geographic location or, at the District's discretion if either Party requests, the District may
- provide any or all Parties, witnesses, and other participants the ability to appear at the
- 591 live hearing virtually, with technology enabling participants simultaneously to see and
- 592 hear each other in real time.

- 593 The District will make the information reviewed during the Evidence Review available at
- 594 the hearing for reference and consultation. The District will not restrict the ability of either
- Party to discuss the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant
- 596 evidence.
- 597 The District will create an audio or audiovisual recording, or transcript, of any live hearing
- and make it available to the Parties for inspection and review.

599 **Decision-Maker**

- The Decision-Maker will be free from conflict of interest or bias, including bias for or
- against Complainants or Respondents.
- The Decision-Maker may ask the Parties and the witnesses questions during the hearing.
- The Decision-Maker must objectively evaluate all relevant evidence both inculpatory and
- 604 exculpatory and must independently reach a determination regarding responsibility
- without giving deference to the investigative report. The Decision-Maker must receive
- 606 training on issues of relevance, how to apply the rape-shield protections for
- 607 Complainants, and any technology to be used at the hearing.

Presenting Witnesses

- The District will provide the Complainant and Respondent an equal opportunity to present
- 610 witnesses, including fact and expert witnesses, and other inculpatory and exculpatory
- evidence. Witnesses, like Parties, are not required to participate in the live hearing
- 612 process.

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- Only relevant evidence will be admissible during the hearing. Relevant evidence means
- evidence, including evidence relevant to the credibility of a Party or witness, having any
- tendency in reason to prove or disprove any disputed fact material to the allegations under
- 616 investigation.

Cross-Examination

- The District shall permit each Party's Advisor to ask the other Party and any witness
- relevant questions, including questions challenging credibility. The Party's Advisor must
- 620 conduct cross-examination directly, orally, and in real time. A Party may never personally
- 621 conduct cross-examination.
- 622 If a Party or witness does not submit to cross-examination at the live hearing, the
- 623 Decision-Maker will not rely on any statement of that Party or witness in reaching a
- 624 determination regarding responsibility.
- Before a Complainant, Respondent, or witness answers a question, the Decision-Maker
- must first determine whether the question is relevant and explain any decision to exclude
- 627 a question as not relevant. The Decision-Maker need not provide a lengthy or
- 628 complicated explanation in support of a relevance determination.

- 629 If a Party or witness disagrees with a relevance determination, that individual has the
- 630 choice of either (1) abiding by the Decision-Maker's determination and answering the
- question or (2) refusing to answer the question.
- The Decision-Maker cannot rely on the statements or testimony of a Party or witness who
- has refused to answer a question the Decision-Maker had found relevant unless the
- Decision-Maker reconsiders and changes the ruling before reaching the determination of
- 635 responsibility. If the Decision-Maker changes the determination of relevance of an
- unanswered question, the Decision-Maker must explain the decision to reconsider the
- ruling in the written determination of responsibility.
- The Decision-Maker cannot draw an inference about the determination of responsibility
- based solely on a Party's or witness's absence from the live hearing or refusal to submit
- 640 to cross-examination or to answer any question.
- The Decision-Maker may also ask any Party or witness questions. If a Party or witness
- refuses to respond to a Decision-Maker's questions, the Decision-Maker is not precluded
- from relying on that Party or witness' statements.

Determinations of Responsibility

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- When the Decision-Maker makes a determination of responsibility or non-responsibility,
- the Decision-Maker will issue a written determination regarding responsibility, no later
- than 20 business days after the date that the hearing ends.
- When making a determination regarding responsibility, a Decision-Maker will objectively
- evaluate all relevant evidence, including both inculpatory and exculpatory evidence. A
- Decision-Maker may not make credibility determinations based on an individual's status
- as a Complainant, Respondent, or witness. In evaluating the evidence, the Decision-
- Maker will use the preponderance of the evidence standard. Thus, after considering all
- the evidence it has gathered, the District will decide whether it is more likely than not that
- 654 sexual harassment occurred.

The written determination will include:

- Identification of the allegations potentially constituting Title IX sexual harassment as defined in these procedures;
- A description of the procedural steps taken from the receipt of the formal complaint through the determination, including who conducted the investigation and gave notifications to the Parties. The determination will also state when, where, and the date the investigator interviewed the Parties and witnesses, conducted site visits, the methods used to gather other evidence. The procedural section should also discuss the dates and how the Parties were provided the opportunity to review and inspect evidence and the date of any hearings held and who attended the hearing;
- Findings of fact supporting the determination. In making these findings, the Decision-Maker will focus on analyzing the findings of fact that support the determination of responsibility or non-responsibility;
- Conclusions regarding the application of the District's code of conduct to the facts;

- A statement of, and rationale for, the result as to each allegation, including a determination regarding responsibility;
- A statement of, and rationale for, any disciplinary sanctions the District imposes on the Respondent;
- A statement of whether the District will provide the Complainant with remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the District's education program or activity;
- The District need not disclose to the Respondent remedies that do not affect him/her/them as part of the written determination. The District can inform the Respondent that it will provide remedies to the Complainant. However, the District will inform the Complainant of the sanctions against the Respondent;
- The District's procedures and permissible bases for the Complainant and Respondent to appeal.

The District will provide the written determination to the Parties simultaneously within seven (7) business days of receipt of the Decision-Maker's written determination. The determination regarding responsibility becomes final either on the date that the District provides the Parties with the written determination of the result of the appeal, if the Parties file an appeal, or if the Parties do not file an appeal, the date on which an appeal would no longer be timely.

Disciplinary Sanctions and Remedies

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The District must have completed the complaint procedures (investigation, hearing, and any appeal, if applicable) before the imposing disciplinary sanctions or any other actions that are not supportive measures against a Respondent. If the Decision-Maker determines the Respondent was responsible for conduct that constitutes sexual harassment, the District will take disciplinary action against the Respondent and any other remedial action it determines to be appropriate. The action will be prompt, effective, and commensurate with the severity of the offense.

Remedies for the Complainant might include, but are not limited to:

- Providing an escort to ensure that the Complainant can move safely between classes and activities;
- Ensuring that the Complainant and Respondent do not attend the same classes or work in the same work area;
- Providing counseling services or a referral to counseling services;
- Providing medical services or a referral to medical services;
- Providing academic support services, such as tutoring;
- Arranging for a Complainant, if a student, to re-take a course or withdraw from a class
 without penalty, including ensuring that any changes do not adversely affect the
 Complainant's academic record; and
- Reviewing any disciplinary actions taken against the Complainant to see if there is a causal connection between the harassment and the misconduct that may have resulted in the Complainant's discipline.

- 710 Possible disciplinary sanctions for student Respondents include written or verbal
- 711 reprimand, required training or counseling, non-academic probation, suspension, and
- expulsion and may be imposed in consultation with the Dean of Students or designee.
- 713 Possible disciplinary sanctions for employee Respondents include written or verbal
- reprimand, required training or counseling, reduction in pay, demotion, suspension, or
- 715 discharge and may be imposed in consultation with the Vice President of Human
- 716 Resources or designee.
- 717 Employee sanctions will consider relevant disciplinary policy and procedures, collective
- bargaining agreement provisions (if applicable) and Ed Code Sections (including but not
- 719 limited to: §§ 87732, 87734, § 87675, 87682).

720 Appeal of Dismissal of a Formal Complaint or of the Determination of

- 721 Responsibility
- 722 A Complainant or Respondent may appeal the District's determination regarding
- responsibility or the dismissal of a formal complaint or any allegations. A Complainant or
- Respondent must submit a written appeal within 15 calendar days from the date of the
- notice of determination regarding responsibility or from the date of the District's notice of
- 726 dismissal of a formal complaint or any allegations.

727 Grounds for Appeal

- The appropriate Vice President will serve as the Decision-Maker on Appeal. In filing an
- appeal of the District's determination regarding responsibility or the District's dismissal of
- a formal complaint, the Party must state the grounds for appeal and a statement of facts
- supporting those grounds. The grounds for appeal are as follows:
- A procedural irregularity affected the outcome;
- New evidence was not reasonably available at the time the District's determination regarding responsibility or dismissal was made, and this new evidence could affect the outcome; or
- The District's Title IX Coordinator, investigator, or Decision-Maker had a conflict of interest or bias for or against Complainants or Respondents generally or the individual Complainant or Respondent that affected the outcome.

739 Appeal Procedure

- 740 If the Complainant or Respondent submit an appeal to the District, the District will:
- Notify the other Party in writing within five business days of receiving a Party's appeal;
- Allow the non-appealing Parties at least 10 days from the date of receipt of the appeal to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome;
- The appeal Decision-Maker will issue a written decision on whether to grant or deny the
- appeal, and the rationale for the decision, within 45 business days after the Decision-
- Maker on appeal receives the response to the appeal or the last day to provide a
- response. The District will provide the written decision simultaneously to both Parties.

- The Decision-Maker on appeal may extend or otherwise modify the deadlines provided
- above. Either Party may seek an extension by submitting a written request to the appeal

- Decision-Maker explaining the need for the extension and the proposed length of the
- extension. The Decision-Maker will respond to the request within 48 hours in writing and
- will inform the Parties simultaneously whether the extension is granted.

754 Informal Resolution

- If the District determines that a formal complaint is appropriate for informal resolution, it
- 756 may provide the Parties with the opportunity to participate in an informal resolution
- 757 process, including mediation, at any time prior to reaching a determination regarding
- 758 responsibility.
- 759 The District will provide the Complainant and Respondent written disclosure of the
- 760 allegations, the requirements of the informal resolution process including the
- circumstances under which it precludes the Parties from resuming a formal complaint
- arising from the same allegations, and any consequences resulting from participating in
- the informal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be
- 764 shared.
- The District must obtain the Parties' voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution
- process. If the Parties reach an agreement, the District does not have to complete a full
- 767 investigation and adjudication of a report of sexual harassment. At any time prior to
- agreeing to a resolution, any Party has the right to withdraw from the informal resolution
- process and resume the complaint process with respect to the formal complaint.
- The informal resolution process is not available to resolve allegations that an employee
- 771 sexually harassed a student.

772 Retaliation Prohibited

- 773 The District prohibits any intimidation, threats, coercion, or discrimination against any
- individual who made a report or complaint of sexual harassment, testified, assisted, or
- participated or refused to participate in any manner in a Title IX investigation, proceeding.
- or hearing. Individuals who experience retaliation may file a complaint using the formal
- 777 complaint process described above.

Dissemination of Policy and Procedures

- The District will provide its policy and procedures related to Title IX on its website and in
- 780 each handbook or catalog provided to applicants for admission and employment,
- 781 students, employees, and all unions or professional organizations holding collective
- 582 bargaining with the District.
- 783 When hired, employees are required to sign acknowledging that they have received the
- 784 policy and procedures. The District will place the signed acknowledgment of receipt in
- 785 each employee's personnel file.

Training

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- The District will provide training to Title IX Coordinators, investigators, Decision-Makers,
- and any individual who facilitates an informal resolution process, on the definition of

- sexual harassment, the scope of the District's education program or activities, how to conduct an investigation and complaint process including hearings, appeals, and informal resolution processes, as applicable, and how to serve impartially, including avoiding prejudgment of the facts at issue, conflicts of interest, and bias. Any materials used to train the District's Title IX Coordinator, investigators, Decision-Makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process, will not rely on sex stereotypes and must
- who facilitates an informal resolution process, will not rely on sex stereotypes and must promote impartial investigations and adjudications of formal complaints of sexual
- 796 harassment.

797 **File Retention**

- The District will retain on file for a period of at least seven years after closing the case copies of:
- The original report or complaint;
- Any actions taken in response to the complaint, including supportive measures;
- The investigative report including all evidence gathered and any responses from the Parties;
- The District's determination regarding responsibility;
- Audio or audiovisual recording or transcript from a hearing;
- Records of any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the Respondent;
- Records of any remedies provided to the Complainant;
- 808 Any appeal and the result;
- Any informal resolution and the result; and
- All materials used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, Decision-Makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process. The District will make these training materials publicly available on its website.
- The District will make these documents available to the U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights upon request.
- Office of Primary Responsibility: Vice President, Human Resources

Date Adopted: April 26, 2021