

Stoichiometry and Chem. Formula Calc.

Worksheet - Stoichiometry

Set A:

$$1. \quad 36.14 \text{ g O} \times \left(\frac{1 \text{ mol O}}{16.00 \text{ g O}} \right) \times \left(\frac{20 \text{ mol H}}{3 \text{ mol O}} \right) \left(\frac{1.008 \text{ g H}}{1 \text{ mol H}} \right) = 15.18 \text{ g H}$$

(out of 100g compound)

$$100 \text{ g sample} = 36.14 \text{ g O} + 15.18 \text{ g H} + \text{--- g B}$$

$$\text{g B} = 48.68 \text{ g B}$$

$$\text{B} \quad \frac{48.68 \text{ g}}{10.80 \text{ g/mol}}$$

$$\text{H} \quad \frac{15.18 \text{ g}}{1.008 \text{ g/mol}}$$

$$\text{O} \quad \frac{36.14 \text{ g O}}{16.00 \text{ g/mol}}$$

$$\text{B} \quad \frac{4.507}{2.259}$$

$$\text{H} \quad \frac{15.06}{2.259}$$

$$\text{O} \quad \frac{2.259}{2.259}$$

$$\text{B} \quad 2$$

$$\text{H} \quad 6.67$$

$$\text{O} \quad 1$$

$$\downarrow \times 3$$

$$\text{B} \quad 6 \quad \text{H} \quad 20 \quad \text{O} \quad 3 \quad \therefore x = 6$$

2)

$$122 \text{ g mixture} \times \frac{32.50 \text{ g CoO}}{100 \text{ g mix.}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol CoO}}{74.90 \text{ g}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol O}^{2-} \text{ ion}}{1 \text{ mol CoO}} = 0.529 \text{ mol O}^{2-}$$

$$122 \text{ g mixture} \times \frac{67.50 \text{ g Co}_2\text{O}_3}{100 \text{ g mix.}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol Co}_2\text{O}_3}{165.8 \text{ g Co}_2\text{O}_3} \times \frac{3 \text{ mol O}^{2-} \text{ ion}}{1 \text{ mol Co}_2\text{O}_3} = 1.49 \text{ mol O}^{2-}$$

$$\underline{\underline{2.02 \text{ mol O}^{2-}}}$$

$$2.02 \text{ mol O}^{2-} \times \frac{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ O}^{2-} \text{ ions}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 1.22 \times 10^{24} \text{ O}^{2-} \text{ ions}$$

3.

$$\text{a) } 5.46 \times 10^{-3} \text{ g BaSO}_4 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol BaSO}_4}{233.3 \text{ g BaSO}_4} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol S}}{1 \text{ mol BaSO}_4} \times \frac{32.0 \text{ g S}}{1 \text{ mol}}$$

$$= 7.52 \times 10^{-4} \text{ g S}$$

$$\% \text{ S} = \frac{7.52 \times 10^{-4} \text{ g S}}{8.19 \times 10^{-3} \text{ g Compd.}} (100) \\ = 9.18 \% \text{ S}$$

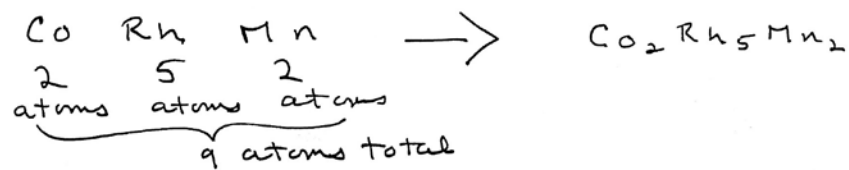
b)

$$9.18 \% \text{ S} = \frac{9.18 \text{ g S}}{100 \text{ g Compd}}$$

$$\frac{100 \text{ g Compd}}{9.18 \text{ g S}} \times \frac{32.0 \text{ g S}}{1 \text{ mol S}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol S}}{1 \text{ mol Compd}}$$

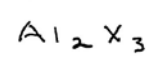
$$= \frac{349 \text{ g Compd}}{1 \text{ mol Compd.}}$$

#4



$$\begin{aligned}
 & 8.75 \times 10^{21} \text{ atoms} \times \frac{1 \text{ molecule}}{9 \text{ atoms}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ molecules}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \times \frac{742.1 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ mole}} = 1.20 \text{ g} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \text{Co}_2\text{Rh}_5\text{Mn}_2
 \end{aligned}$$

#5



$$\frac{18.56 \text{ g Al}}{100 \text{ compd}} \longrightarrow (100 - 18.56) \text{ g X}$$

$$\text{MM}_X = \frac{(100 - 18.56) \text{ g X}}{1.031 \text{ mol X}} = 79.00 \text{ g/mol X}$$

mol X calc

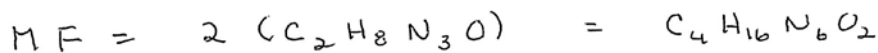
$$18.56 \text{ g Al} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol Al}}{27.00 \text{ g}} \times \frac{3 \text{ mol X}}{2 \text{ mol Al}} = 1.031 \text{ mol X}$$

b. Molecular Formula:

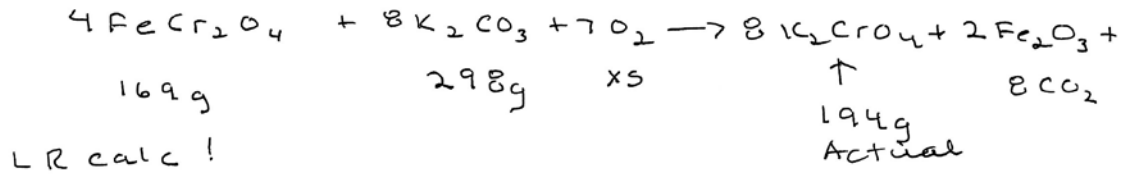
$$\begin{aligned} \# \text{ of EF units} &= \frac{\text{Molar mass}}{\text{EF mass}} \\ &= \frac{170 \text{ g } (\pm 15)}{90.1 \text{ g/mol}} = 1.88 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{EF} = 2 (12.01 \text{ g/mol C}) \\ \quad 8 (1.01 \text{ g/mol H}) \\ \quad 3 (14.01 \text{ g/mol N}) \\ \quad 1 (16.00 \text{ g/mol O}) \\ \hline 90.1 \text{ g/mol Compd} \end{array}$$

rounded to "2"



#7



$$\frac{169 \text{g FeCr}_2\text{O}_4}{\text{reactant 1}} \times \frac{1 \text{mol FeCr}_2\text{O}_4}{223.8 \text{g}} \times \frac{8 \text{mol K}_2\text{CrO}_4}{4 \text{mol FeCr}_2\text{O}_4} = 1.50 \text{mol K}_2\text{CrO}_4$$

amt. made

Lesser amt. made!

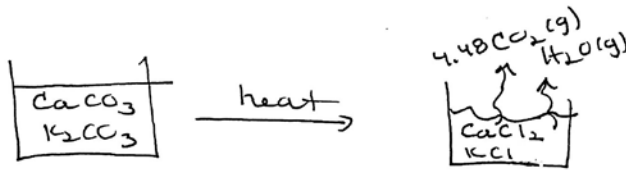
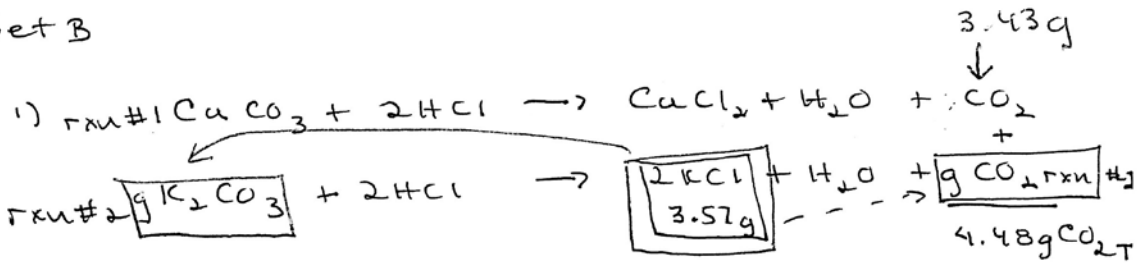
compare

$$\frac{298 \text{g K}_2\text{CO}_3}{\text{reactant 2}} \times \frac{1 \text{mol K}_2\text{CO}_3}{138.21 \text{g}} \times \frac{8 \text{mol K}_2\text{CrO}_4}{8 \text{mol K}_2\text{CO}_3} = 2.15 \text{mol K}_2\text{CrO}_4$$

$$1.50 \text{mol K}_2\text{CrO}_4 \times \frac{138.2 \text{g K}_2\text{CrO}_4}{1 \text{mol}} = 207.3 \text{g K}_2\text{CrO}_4 \text{ Theo.}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ yield} &= \frac{194 \text{g K}_2\text{CrO}_4 \text{ Actual}}{207.3 \text{g K}_2\text{CrO}_4 \text{ Theo}} (100) \\ &= 66.6\% \end{aligned}$$

Set B



1st g K_2CO_3 calc

$$3.57\text{g KCl} \times \frac{1\text{mol KCl}}{74.6\text{g}} \times \frac{1\text{mol K}_2\text{CO}_3}{2\text{mol KCl}} \times \frac{138\text{g K}_2\text{CO}_3}{1\text{mol}} = 3.30\text{g K}_2\text{CO}_3$$

2nd g CaCO_3 calc

$$\text{a) } 3.57\text{g KCl} \times \frac{1\text{mol KCl}}{74.6\text{g}} \times \frac{1\text{mol CO}_2}{2\text{mol KCl}} \times \frac{44.0\text{g CO}_2}{1\text{mol}} = 1.05\text{g CO}_2 \text{ rxn \#2}$$

$$\text{b) } \text{g CO}_2 \text{ rxn \#1} = 4.48\text{g CO}_2 \text{ Total} - 1.05\text{g CO}_2 \text{ rxn \#2} = 3.43\text{g CO}_2 \text{ rxn \#1}$$

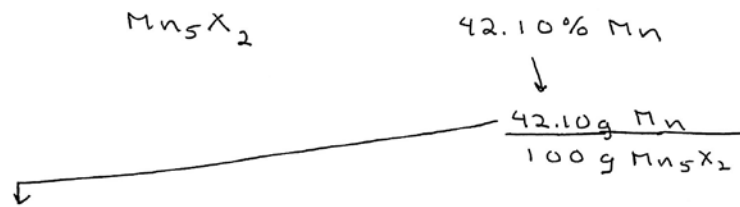
$$\text{c) } \text{g CaCO}_3 = 3.43\text{g CO}_2 \text{ rxn \#1} \times \frac{1\text{mol CO}_2}{44.0\text{g}} \times \frac{1\text{mol CaCO}_3}{1\text{mol CO}_2} \times \frac{100.1\text{g}}{1\text{mol}} = 7.80\text{g CaCO}_3$$

3rd

$$\text{g mixture} = \frac{7.80}{\text{g CaCO}_3} + \frac{3.30}{\text{g K}_2\text{CO}_3} = 11.10\text{g mixture.}$$

Set B

Prob 2



a) $42.10 \text{ g Mn} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol Mn}}{54.93 \text{ g Mn}} \times \frac{2 \text{ mol X}}{5 \text{ mol Mn}} = 0.3097 \text{ mol X}$

b) $100 \text{ g } Mn_5X_2 - 42.10 \text{ g Mn} = 57.90 \text{ g X}$

Ans: $\frac{57.90 \text{ g X}}{0.3097 \text{ mol X}}$

= $\boxed{\frac{186.9 \text{ g X}}{1 \text{ mol}}}$

Prob 3

$g K_3PO_4 + g KNO_3 = 83.5 \text{ g Mix.}$

$\frac{36.55 \text{ g } KNO_3}{100 \text{ g mix}} \therefore$

a) $100 \text{ g mix} - 36.55 \text{ g } KNO_3 = 63.45 \text{ g } K_3PO_4$

b) $63.45 \text{ g } K_3PO_4 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol } K_3PO_4}{212 \text{ g}} \times \frac{3 \text{ mol } K^+}{1 \text{ mol } K_3PO_4} = .918 \text{ mol } K^+$

$36.55 \text{ g } KNO_3 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol } KNO_3}{101.1 \text{ g}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol } K^+}{1 \text{ mol } KNO_3} = .362 \text{ mol } K^+$
 $\underline{\hspace{10em}}$
 $= 1.260 \text{ mol } K^+$
in 100 g mix.

$\frac{1.260 \text{ mol } K^+}{100 \text{ g mix}} \times 83.5 \text{ g mix} \times \frac{6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ ions } K^+}{1 \text{ mol } K^+}$
 $= 6.32 \times 10^{23} \text{ ions } K^+$

Set B

Prob 4 a) 31.23 g sample

$1.203 \times 10^2 \text{ g SrCO}_3$

Ans: $\frac{9.780 \text{ g C}}{31.23 \text{ g Sample}} (100) = 31.30 \% \text{ C}$

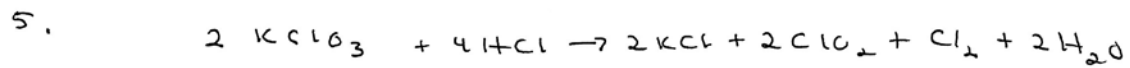
calc. $1.203 \times 10^2 \text{ g SrCO}_3 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol SrCO}_3}{147.6 \text{ g SrCO}_3} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol C}}{1 \text{ mol SrCO}_3} \times \frac{12.01 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 9.780 \text{ g C}$

b) $\frac{3 \text{ C atoms}}{1 \text{ molecule}} = \frac{3 \text{ mol C}}{1 \text{ mole compound}}$

Ans: $\frac{31.23 \text{ g Compd}}{.2720 \text{ mol compd}} = \frac{114.8 \text{ g compd}}{\text{mol compd}}$

$9.780 \text{ g C} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol C}}{12.01 \text{ g}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol Compd}}{3 \text{ mol C}} = .2720 \text{ mol compd}$

Set B



$$80.0 \text{ g KClO}_3 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol KClO}_3}{122.6 \text{ g}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol Cl}_2}{2 \text{ mol KClO}_3} \times \frac{71.0 \text{ g Cl}_2}{1 \text{ mol}} = 23.2 \text{ g Cl}_2$$

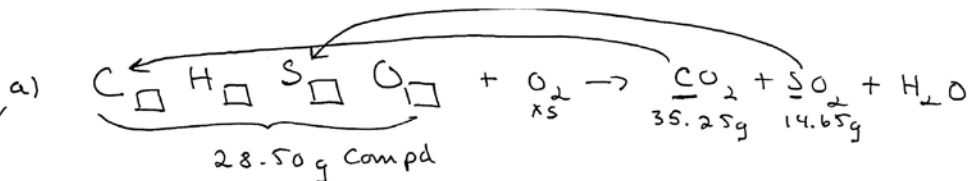
$$59.5 \text{ g HCl} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol HCl}}{36.5 \text{ g}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol Cl}_2}{4 \text{ mol HCl}} \times \frac{71.0 \text{ g Cl}_2}{1 \text{ mol}} = 28.9 \text{ g Cl}_2$$

$$\% \text{ yield} = \frac{18.7 \text{ g Cl}_2, \text{ Act}}{23.2 \text{ g Cl}_2, \text{ Theo}} (100)$$

$$= 80.6\% \text{ yield}$$

Set B

* Prob 6



b) $\boxed{8.514 \% H} = \frac{8.514 g H}{100 g Compd.}$

a calc

%C: $35.25g CO_2 \times \frac{1 mol CO_2}{44.0g} \times \frac{1 mol C^-}{1 mol CO_2} \times \frac{12.01g C}{1 mol C} = 9.614g C$
 $\%C = \frac{9.614g C (100)}{28.50g Compd} = \boxed{33.7 \% C}$

%S: $14.65g SO_2 \times \frac{1 mol SO_2}{64.00g} \times \frac{1 mol S}{1 mol SO_2} \times \frac{32.00g S}{1 mol} = 7.325g S$
 $\%S = \frac{7.325g S (100)}{28.50g Compd} = \boxed{25.7 \% S}$

b) %O calc

$1.000\% = \underline{\quad ? \quad} \%O + \underline{33.7} \%C + \underline{8.514} \%H + \underline{25.7} \%S$
 $\%O = 32.08 \%O$

c) Empirical Formula

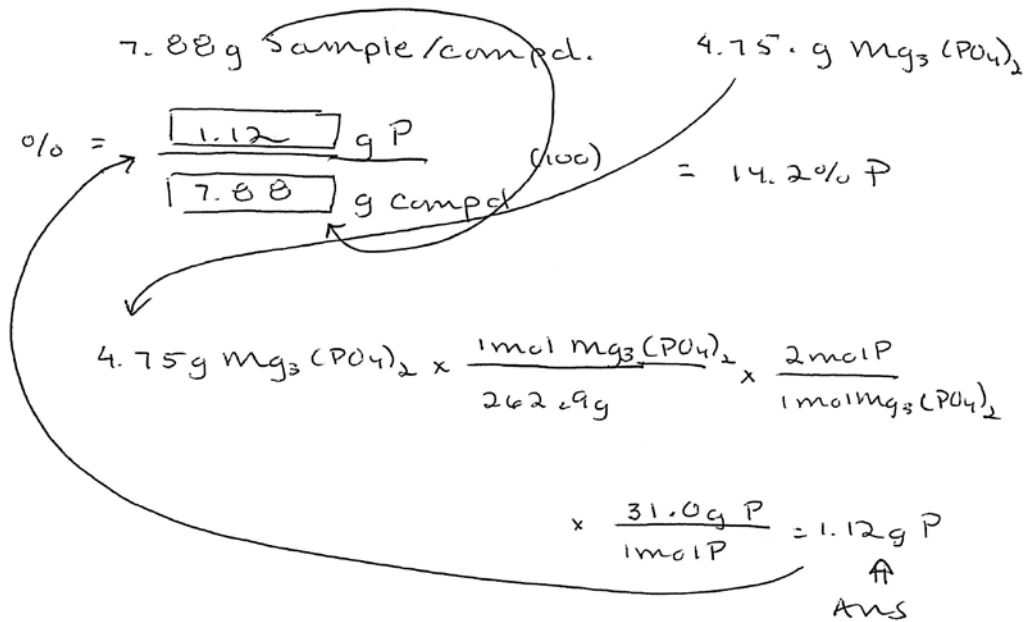
$C \frac{33.7g}{12.0g/mol} \quad H \frac{8.514g}{1.01g/mol} \quad S \frac{25.7g}{32.0g/mol} \quad O \frac{32.08g}{16.0g/mol}$
 $= C \frac{2.81}{.803} \quad H \frac{8.42}{.803} \quad S \frac{.803}{.803} \quad O \frac{2.00}{.803}$
 $= C_{3.45} H_{10.5} S_1 O_{2.5} \quad \times 2$
 $= C_7 H_{21} S_2 O_5$

d) EF wt = $7(12.01g/mol C) + 21(1.01g/mol H) + 2(32.0g/mol S) + 5(16.0g/mol) = 249g/mol C_7H_{21}S_2O_5$

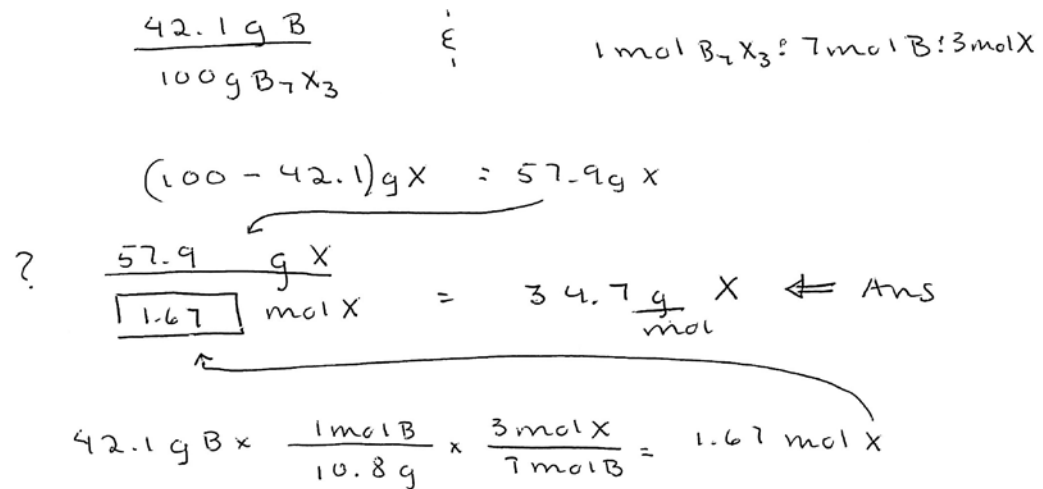
e) # EF units = $\frac{500g/mol}{249g/mol} = 2$
 $2 \times (C_7H_{21}S_2O_5) = \boxed{C_{14}H_{42}S_4O_{10}}$

Setc

#1



#2



#3

39.11 g Compd.

* 86.22 g Cr

100 g Compd

(5 Cr atoms)
1 molecule compd
key

5 mol Cr
1 mol compd

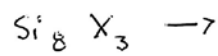
Ans.
↓

MM = $\frac{100 \text{ g Compd}}{0.3316 \text{ mol Compd}}$

= $\frac{301.6 \text{ g Compd}}{\text{mol}}$

$86.22 \text{ g Cr} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol Cr}}{51.996 \text{ g}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol compd}}{5 \text{ mol Cr}} = 0.3316 \text{ mol compd.}$

#4



8 mol Si : 3 mol X : 1 mol compd

$$\frac{72.33 \text{ g Si}}{100 \text{ g Compd}}$$

$$? \text{ MM}_X = \frac{27.67 \text{ g X}}{.9658 \text{ mol X}} = 28.65 \frac{\text{g X}}{\text{mol}}$$

$$(100 \text{ g} - 72.33 \text{ g}) \text{X} = 27.67 \text{ g X}$$

$$72.33 \text{ g Si} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol Si}}{28.09 \text{ g}} \times \frac{3 \text{ mol X}}{8 \text{ mol Si}} = .9658 \text{ mol X}$$

Set C

5 a)

$$22.44 \text{ g CaBr}_2 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol CaBr}_2}{199.9 \text{ g CaBr}_2} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2}{3 \text{ mol CaBr}_2} \times \frac{207.2 \text{ g Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2}{1 \text{ mol Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2} = 7.739 \text{ g Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$$

$$16.85 \text{ g Na}_3\text{PO}_4 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol Na}_3\text{PO}_4}{164.0 \text{ g Na}_3\text{PO}_4} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2}{2 \text{ mol Na}_3\text{PO}_4} \times \frac{207.2 \text{ g Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2}{1 \text{ mol Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2} = 10.64 \text{ g Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$$

← product

The lesser amt. is produced: $7.739 \text{ g Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$

The LR = CaBr_2

b)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{XS Na}_3\text{PO}_4 &= 16.85 \text{ g Na}_3\text{PO}_4, \text{ initial} - \frac{12.27}{\text{used in rxn}} \text{ g Na}_3\text{PO}_4, \\ &= 4.58 \text{ g Na}_3\text{PO}_4, \text{ XS} \end{aligned}$$

$$22.44 \text{ g CaBr}_2 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol CaBr}_2}{199.9 \text{ g CaBr}_2} \times \frac{2 \text{ mol Na}_3\text{PO}_4}{3 \text{ mol CaBr}_2} \times \frac{164.0 \text{ g Na}_3\text{PO}_4}{1 \text{ mol Na}_3\text{PO}_4} = 12.27 \text{ g Na}_3\text{PO}_4 \text{ used in rxn}$$