



CERRITOS COLLEGE TRACK AND FIELD TABLE OF CONTENTS

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PRESIDENT/SUPERINTENDENT:

Address:

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11110 Alondra Blvd.
Norwalk, CA 90650

Phone Number:

(562) 860-2451 ext. 2864

Founded:

1955

Enrollment:

28,000

Team Nickname:

Falcons

Team Colors:

Blue & White

Conference:

South Coast Members include – Cerritos,
El Camino, Long Beach City, Mt. San Antonio
and Pasadena City.

Home Track:

Falcon Stadium

Director of Track & Field:

Doug Wells (18th Year)

Track Office Phone:

(562) 860-2451 ext. 2889

E-Mail Address:

dwells@cerritos.edu

Men's Head Coach:

John Goldman (4th Year)

Women's Head Coach:

Michael Allen (10th Year)

Assistant Coaches:

Debbie Jensen
Gary Gaudet
Rayfield Beaton
Steve Lewis
Lloyd Higgins

DEAN/HPER/ATHLETICS:

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ATHLETIC DIRECTOR:

Email Address:

Jeff Smith – Ext. 2871
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ATHLETIC TRAINER:

Email Address:

Brian Cable – Ext. 2884
bcable@cerritos.edu

ATHLETIC TRAINER:

Email Address:

Beverly Sweet – Ext. 2882
bsweet@cerritos.edu

SPORTS INFORMATION DIRECTOR:

Sports Information Director E-Mail:

John Van Gaston – Ext. 2896
jvangaston@cerritos.edu

WEBSITE:

www.cerritos.edu/hpea



TELEVISION

KCBS (Ch. 2)

6121 Sunset Blvd.
Los Angeles, CA 90028
Phone (Alt): (323) 460-3252 (3771)

FAX: (323) 460-3337
Sports Director: Jim Hill
Sports Reporter: Brett Lewis & Steve Hartman
Sports Producer: Mike Cunningham
Producers: Marc Hofman, A.J. Ponsiglione,
Jason Applebaum & Jeff Maren

KNBC (Ch. 4)

3000 W. Alameda Ave.

Burbank, CA 91523
Phone: (818) 840-4237
FAX: (818) 840-3076
Sports Director: Fred Roggin
Sports: Carlos del Valle – 3156
Producers: Kevin La Beach, Greg Dowling,
Steve Leveton & Charlie Rosene

KTLA (Ch. 5)

5800 Sunset Blvd.
Los Angeles, CA 90028
Phone (Alt.): (323) 460-5907 (5578, 3828)
FAX: (323) 460-5333

Sports: Tony Hernandez & Claudia Trejos
Producers: Larry Olson, Tom Klimasz &
Mark Brinks

KCAL (Ch. 9)

5515 Melrose Ave.
Los Angeles, CA 90038
Phone: (213) 960-3848

FAX: (213) 469-4979
Sports: Alan Massengale, Errin Horton &
John Ireland
Senior Producer: Lou Cook
Executive Producer: Scott Henry
Associate Producer: Mike Muriano &
Reinaldo Vela

KTTV (Ch. 11)

1999 South Bundy Dr.
Los Angeles, CA 90025-5235
Phone: (310) 584-2030

FAX: (310) 584-2450
Sports Director: Rick Garcia – 2261

Sports: Randy Kerdoon
Producers: Rod Cohen, Rick Marquardt &
Al Taylor – 2262

UPN (Ch. 13)

915 N. La Brea Ave.
Los Angeles, CA 90038
Phone: (323) 850-2222 (ext. 6)

FAX: (323) 850-1265
Sports Anchor: Michelle Bonner
Executive Sports Anchor: Steve Jahnke

CABLE TELEVISION

ESPN SportsCenter

Phone/FAX: (860) 585-2000 / 585-2422
Assignment Editors: Page Reyes (Football)

Fox Sports West/Fox Sports News

10000 Santa Monica Blvd.
Los Angeles, CA 90067
FSW Phone/FAX: (310) 286-3800 / 286-3875
FSN Phone: (310) 369-9160
Assignment Editor: Dan Cunningham

NEWSPAPERS

Los Cerritos Community News

13017 Artesia Blvd., Suite D-136
Cerritos, CA 90703
Phone: (562) 407-3873
FAX: (562) 921-1915
Sports Editor: Loren Kopff

Los Angeles Times (Downtown)

Times Mirror Square
Los Angeles, CA 90053
Phone: (213) 237-7145
Alt. Phone: (800) LA-TIMES
FAX: (213) 237-7876

Los Angeles Times (Orange County)

1375 Sunflower Ave.
Costa Mesa, CA 92626
Phone: (714) 966-5904
FAX: (714) 966-5663

Orange County Register

625 N. Grand Ave.
Santa Ana, CA 92701
Phone: (714) 796-7804
FAX: (714) 796-6765
Sports Editor: Greg Gibson
Beat: Lou Ponsi

Press Telegram

604 Pine Street
Long Beach, CA 90844
Phone (562) 499-1338
FAX: (562) 437-8914
Beat: Dave Felton & Kirby Lee

Wave Community News

4201 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 600
Los Angeles, CA 90010
Phone: (323) 290-3000
FAX: (323) 291-0219
Sports Editor: Mario Villegas

Whittier Daily News

7612 Greenleaf Ave.
Whittier, CA 90602
Phone: (562) 698-0955
FAX: (562) 698-0450



CERRITOS COLLEGE

HISTORY

Cerritos College was established on June 10, 1955, when citizens of the Bellflower, Norwalk, Artesia, Carmenita, and Bloomfield elementary districts voted four-to-one in favor of forming a junior college district. On September 27, 1955, a ballot measure calling for a six-million-dollar bond issue to build the junior college passed, again by a four-to-one margin. Title to the proposed college site was acquired on December 5, 1956, and the college board turned its attention to securing favorable zoning so that construction could begin.

The credit for the birth of Cerritos College lies chiefly with Dr. Ralph Burnight, first president of the institution. Superintendent of the Excelsior Union High School District for 27 years before the college was born, Burnight had seen the need for the extension of educational opportunities offered at his high school and fought the state board of education for the establishment of a college in 1953, when the state board indicated it was doubtful that the district could attract a minimum enrollment of 400 students.

Dr. Burnight, however, was convinced that the area would continue to grow, and three years later the board of—Leslie Nottingham, Walter Van Alstine, Dale Donnell, Al Sommer and Arthur Kulzer—authorized the college to offer instruction. On September 11, 1956, in classrooms rented from the Excelsior High School District, 197 students enrolled in classes and made the college a reality. That first semester, ten certified teachers offered 15 subjects, with Dr. Burnight at the helm. Beginning with the 1957-58 school year, the college operated out of Artesia High School, awaiting the completion of the new campus.

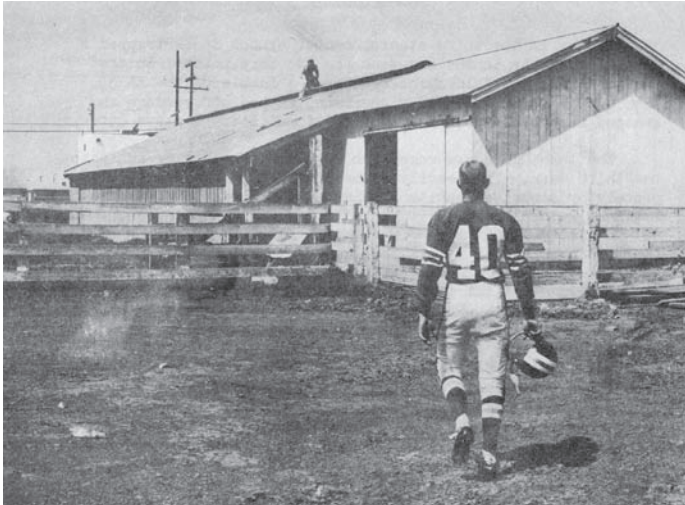
By the end of 1959, eight buildings (Field House, 3-25-58; Business Education, Lecture Hall, Science, Shower and Locker, 10-6-59; Liberal Arts, Technology, Electronics, 9-15-59) had been completed on campus, and funds were made available to provide the remaining facilities to accommodate a student body of 3,500 students.

By 1961 the campus was beginning to look like a college with the completion of four more buildings (Library and Gymnasium, 7-1-61; Metal Trades Shop Building, 7-17-61; Student Center, 3-8-60) and an enrollment of 4,000 students. The campus included 95 acres in 1964, and its 15 permanent buildings brought the value of the college to 16 million dollars; it now served a district with an assessed valuation of 271 million dollars.

Effective July 1, 1965, the district included the ABC Unified School District, the Bellflower Unified School District, the Downey Unified School District and the Norwalk-La Mirada Unified School District. District population was 400,000 and the assessed valuation had jumped to more than 500 million dollars. This would be the year that, beyond the bravest expectations of everyone connected with Cerritos College, enrollment would exceed 10,000 students.

The College acquired the “South 40” acres by 1966, enlarging the campus to 135 acres. The purchase proved to be an excellent investment by the board; land values in the college’s district have since skyrocketed. The property today supports the Health Sciences Building, the largest parking lot on campus, the Auto Technology Building and the Community Education Center. The campus grew to 18 buildings by the 1968-69 school year, with a student enrollment of more than 11,000. The district, too, was growing and now included more than half a million people and an assessed valuation of 543 million dollars. The 18 buildings were complemented by a weight-lifting facility in 1971 and a student activities and bookstore complex in 1974.

With the campus thus complete for the time being, the administration and board of trustees turned to building the excellence of the academic programs, which had a strong foundation. Innovation in satellite courses,



Original football locker room.



Original Falcon Square



New Science Building



televised instruction, open entry and exit classes, and the move into audio-visual instruction marked the coming decade.

In 1972, the student population reached 17,000. The next year, 18,000 students attended classes, and the assessed valuation of the district had grown to more than 800 million dollars. The early 1970's were marked by spiraling inflation and tighter money, yet the College financed a new, modern bookstore (3-19-74), the Health Sciences Building (2-1-78) and the Auto Technology Building (9-1-78) to cope with the growing demands of students.

The bicentennial year in 1976 was a special time for Cerritos, as well as for millions of other Americans. Twenty years earlier, the 135-acre campus had been in its infancy, and educational visionaries had predicted that by 1975 more than 15,000 students would be attending classes in the many buildings depicted only on the architect's drawing boards. That modest forecast failed to foresee an even greater need in the community by 1975, when nearly 23,000 students enrolled in courses. In 1970-71, the predicted 15,000 had already been exceeded and growing pains brought expansion to the campus, which continues to grow to meet the demands of the surrounding communities.

By its twenty-fifth anniversary in 1980, Cerritos College had educated nearly 250,000 students since it first opened its doors at Excelsior High School. Course offerings had expanded, a satellite campus program had been implemented, and the faculty and staff had grown as the community needs increased. Cerritos College received its first ever Federal Title III Grant in 1986. The grant was in the amount of \$500,000 renewable for five years, totaling 2.5 million dollars.

Over the last few years, the college has undergone five major renovations. In 1994, the Wilford Michael Library and Learning Resource Center (LRC) underwent another major renovation and expansion. The library expanded from 22,000 square feet to over 40,000 square feet. The old card catalog was replaced with an automated on line system as a result of a major financial gift by the Associated Students of Cerritos College (ASCC). A modern teleconference center and learning assistance lab were added to the east wing of the Learning Resource Center.

The student center was renovated in 1995, funded by a three-way partnership between the ASCC, the college district and the state. Unchanged since its doors first opened, the student center was completely remodeled from the main floor to the adjacent culinary arts food service area. The renovation also included a four-restaurant food court with both indoor and outdoor casual dining for students.

In fall of 1998, Cerritos College opened the doors to the "One-Stop" Student Services Center. The new center houses a full spectrum of student resources including admissions and records, academic counseling, financial aid, the Scholars' Honors Program, veteran's affairs, EOPS (Extended Opportunities Programs and Services) and university transfer assistance. Each department is equipped with high-speed computers, designed to provide immediate access to the college's network.

In addition, the college's Career Services and Job Placement Centers have been moved within a short distance of the "One Stop" Student Services Center, making it the central hub of all Student Services and enrollment activities.

Also in the fall of 1998, the second phase of the Learning Resource Center opened, featuring a computer lab more than 500 high-speed personal computers and 699 data ports. The dual-level computer labs provide students with access to the latest software, high-speed Internet and tutorial programs. In addition, there are dedicated labs for reading, math, English and foreign languages. This renovation of the LRC was part of a \$12 million investment in a technology infrastructure that also included the "wiring" of the entire campus and the placement of a networked PC on the desk of each employee. As a result, Cerritos College

became "the most technologically advanced community college in the state" for teaching and learning.

In 1999, the ASCC underwrote the development of Falcon Square, formerly a cement quad situated at the heart of the campus. Falcon Square is a wonderful area for students to relax or study in front of a split face block waterfall with concrete seat caps and slate covering. As part of the renovation, a 300-seat outdoor amphitheater was built in front of the College's music building.

Cerritos College takes pride in the quality of their outstanding faculty. In 1995, Economics Professor Dianne Keenan was selected as the "Community College Professor of the Year" by the National Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching. In 1999, Mathematics Professor Susan Parsons was recognized as the nation's "Outstanding Community College Faculty Member of the Year" by the Association of Community College Trustees (ACCT).

Cerritos College is highly diverse. Across the nation, it is the fourth largest Hispanic-serving community college. Furthermore, it is home to more than 300 international students representing 34 countries. With the turn of the millennium, expansion began to take on a new face at Cerritos College. Instead of adding onto the campus as in the past, Cerritos College began to develop global partnerships with the aid of technology. This became extremely beneficial to education in the aftermath of September 11, 2001, when pursuing cross-cultural educational opportunities became more challenging.

In late 1999, a partnership began between Cerritos College and the University of Wisconsin-Stout (UW-Stout). The two colleges began to hold joint class sessions in real time with the use of a TV screen and the Internet. Not only did this allow for Cerritos College students to exchange ideas with students in another part of the country, but it also allowed Cerritos' ethnically diverse student body to exchange points of view on United States history with the predominately Caucasian population at UW-Stout.

In 2003, the concept of the virtual classroom once again expanded, and Cerritos College entered into a similar partnership with International Pacific College (IPC) in New Zealand. For the first time ever at Cerritos College, two hemispheres were connected in real time and students participated in multi-national approaches to world history. Both the partnership with UW-Stout and IPC also allowed for a handful of Cerritos students to visit their partner campuses and experience "hands on" what they had been experiencing via technology.

In 2002, the ground work was set for Cerritos College to launch into the world of tribal technology with the American Indian community. In 2003, the college began offering online courses offering custom training for American tribal governments. Cerritos College was awarded a \$50,000 Verizon Foundation Grant for the pilot phase of their program, and its first workshop to promote the program was attended by over 15 tribes from California, Arizona, Oklahoma, Idaho and Nevada.

Currently, three online courses are being offered to tribal governments. Now, not only is Cerritos College serving the communities of Artesia, Bellflower, Cerritos, Downey, Hawaiian Gardens, Lakewood, La Mirada and Norwalk, but it is also serving locations in Wisconsin, New Zealand, Bolivia and American Indian community.

With technology on the rise, Cerritos College is also raising the bar on global partnerships and is making a direct impact on globalization in education by forging ahead into the previously unthread waters of international education right here at home.

Pursuant to its service in the community, the board of trustees adopted a revised mission statement for the college in January 2005: *The Cerritos College mission is to serve the community by building futures through learning.*