Chem. 111
Spring 07
100 Points

All significant figures and set-ups must be shown in an organized way. All units must be shown throughout the problems. Use the following table for molar masses.

| Compound | Molar Mass g/mole | Compound | Molar Mass g/mole |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ | 98.0795 | $\mathrm{~K}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}$ | 212.2663 |
| $\mathrm{PbCO}_{3}$ | 267.2092 | $\mathrm{~K}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{3}$ | 196.2669 |
| $\mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CO}_{3}\right)_{3}$ | 233.9907 | $\mathrm{NiSO}_{4}$ | 154.7570 |
| $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ | 44.01 | $\mathrm{Ni}_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3}$ | 405.5776 |
| $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | 18.0153 | $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ | 17.031 |
| $\mathrm{PSO}_{4}$ | 303.2636 | $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ | 64.0648 |
| $\mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3}$ | 342.1539 |  |  |

1. (10 points) When heated in air, an element, E , burns to form a oxide with the molecular formula $\mathrm{E}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$. A 0.6251 g sample of the element produced 1.432 g of the compound.
a. What is the molar mass of element E ?

Answer $\qquad$
b. What is the symbol of element E ?

Answer $\qquad$
c. What is the name of the compound?

Answer $\qquad$ /10 points
2. The molecule Caffeine has the formula $\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{4}$. The compound contains $28.85 \% \mathrm{~N}$ by mass. What is the value of the integer X ? ( 15 points) What is the correct empirical formula for caffeine?

Answer
/15 points
3.Excess amount of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ is added to a mixture of $\mathrm{PbCO}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CO}_{3}\right)_{3}$. The mixture reacted completely.
A) $\mathrm{PbCO}_{3}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{PbSO}_{4}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
B) $\mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CO}_{3}\right)_{3}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+3 \mathrm{CO}_{2}$
$2.13 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ and $8.46 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{PbSO}_{4}$ are produced along with $\mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3}$ and $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$. What is the mass of the original mixture? ( 15 points)
4. Upon chemical treatment all of the phosphorous in a 125.21 g sample of a compound is converted to 158.8 g of potassium phosphate. (14 points)
a. What is the mass percent of phosphorous in the compound

Answer $\qquad$
b. Calculate the molar mass of the compound if there are 3 phosphorous atoms in each molecule of the compound.
$\qquad$
5. Treatment of 36.44 g of $\mathrm{X}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ with excess oxygen produces $40.44 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{X}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$. Write the balanced equation. What is the molar mass of X . (12 points)
6.A mixture contains $22.21 \%$ nickelic sulfate, $24.88 \%$ nickelous sulfate, and the rest is sodium oxide. What is the number of sulfate ions in 146.91 grams of the mixture? (10 points)
7. Suppose 25.11 g of the metal nitride $\mathrm{M}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{2}$ reacts with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ to produce a metal oxide, MO , and 8.46 g of ammonia. Write the balanced equation. What is the molar mass of the metal? ( 15 points)

Answer
/16points
8. Quinine, a molecule that is active against the disease malaria contains only carbon, hydrogen, oxygen and nitrogen. It contains $8.63 \%$ nitrogen by mass. It is found to contain 2 nitrogen atoms in every molecule of the compound. What is the molar mass of the quinine molecule? (10 points)

Answer $\qquad$
/10 points
9. In an effusion experiment, it was determined that nitrogen gas, N 2 , effused through a small hole at a rate of 28.85 ml in .658 hrs . What would be the effusion rate of sulfur hexafluoride in liters per second if it effused under the same conditions? (10 points)

Answer $\qquad$
10. A $1,295 \mathrm{ml}$ flask contains pure helium at a pressure of 745 mmHg . A second flask with a volume of 485 ml contains pure argon at a pressure of .825 atm .
If the two flasks are connected through a stopcock and the stopcock is opened, what is the partial pressure of argon? If the temperature is 45.40 C , how many moles of helium are present in the flask? (12 points)

Answer $\qquad$ atm. Ar $\qquad$ mol He
/22 pints
11. A 11.34 g mixture of potassium chloride and ferric chlorate are heated in an evacuated (no pressure) 3.0 L flask at 9780 C . The potassium chloride does not react but the ferric chlorate decomposes.
$2 \mathrm{Fe}\left(\mathrm{ClO}_{3}\right)_{3(\mathrm{~s})}-->2 \mathrm{FeCl}_{3}(\mathrm{~s})+9 \mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$
After the reaction goes to completion, the pressure is 4.00 atm ? What is the percentage of KCl in the original mixture? (12 points)

Answer $\qquad$
12. Does the ideal gas law predict higher or lower gas pressure than what actually occurs in real gases? Describe under what conditions the pressure of real gases most deviate from ideal gases and what the molecules do in reality that causes this deviation from predicted pressure. Explain clearly. Write in complete sentences in a paragraph. Have a topic sentence with supporting sentences and a concluding sentence. (10 points)

